

J6-NGS-B-type Natriuretic Peptide (BNP) Testing (A56826)

CPT: 83880

CMS Policy for Illinois, Michigan, Minnesota, and Wisconsin

Local policies are determined by the performing test location. This is determined by the state in which your performing laboratory resides and where your testing is commonly performed.

Medically Supportive ICD Codes are listed on subsequent page(s) of this document.

Coverage Indications, Limitations, and/or Medical Necessity

• B-type natriuretic peptide (BNP) is a cardiac neurohormone produced mainly in the left ventricle. It is secreted in response to ventricular volume expansion and pressure overload, factors often found in congestive heart failure (CHF). Used in conjunction with other clinical information, rapid measurement of BNP is useful in establishing or excluding the diagnosis and assessing the severity of CHF in patients with acute dyspnea so that appropriate and timely treatment can be initiated. This test is also used to predict the long-term risk of cardiac events or death across the spectrum of acute coronary syndromes when measured in the first few days after an acute coronary event.

Indications

BNP measurements may be considered reasonable and necessary when used in combination with other medical data such as medical history, physical examination, laboratory studies, chest x-ray, and electrocardiography:

- To distinguish cardiac cause of acute dyspnea from pulmonary or other non-cardiac causes. Plasma BNP levels are significantly
 increased in patients with CHF presenting with acute dyspnea compared with patients presenting with acute dyspnea due to other
 causes.
- To distinguish decompensated CHF from exacerbated chronic obstructive pulmonary disease (COPD) in a symptomatic patient with combined chronic CHF and COPD. Plasma BNP levels are significantly increased in patients with CHF with or without concurrent lung disease compared with patients who have primary lung disease.
- · To establish prognosis or disease severity in chronic CHF when needed to guide therapy
- To achieve optimal dosing of guideline-directed medical therapy (GDMT) in select clinically euvolemic patients followed in a wellstructured heart failure (HF) disease management program
- · To guide therapeutic decision-making in individuals who have amyloidosis

Limitations

BNP measurements must be analyzed in conjunction with standard diagnostic tests, medical history and clinical findings. The efficacy
of BNP measurement as a stand-alone test has not yet been established. Clinicians should be aware that certain conditions such as
ischemia, infarction and renal insufficiency, may cause elevation of circulating BNP concentration and require alterations of the
interpretation of BNP results.



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Please refer to the Limitations or Utilization Guidelines section on previous page(s) for frequency information.

The ICD10 codes listed below are the top diagnosis codes currently utilized by ordering physicians for the limited coverage test highlighted above that are also listed as medically supportive under Medicare's limited coverage policy. If you are ordering this test for diagnostic reasons that are not covered under Medicare policy, an Advance Beneficiary Notice form is required.

Code

- E85.81 Light chain (AL) amyloidosis
- 111.0 Hypertensive heart disease with heart failure
- 113.0 Hypertensive heart and chronic kidney disease with heart failure and stage 1 through stage 4 chronic kidney disease, or unspecified chronic kidney disease
- 150.20 Unspecified systolic (congestive) heart failure
- 150.22 Chronic systolic (congestive) heart failure
- 150.23 Acute on chronic systolic (congestive) heart failure
- 150.31 Acute diastolic (congestive) heart failure
- 150.32 Chronic diastolic (congestive) heart failure
- 150.33 Acute on chronic diastolic (congestive) heart failure
- 150.30 Unspecified diastolic (congestive) heart failure
- 150.41 Acute combined systolic and diastolic (congestive) hrt fail
- 150.42 Chronic combined systolic (congestive) and diastolic (congestive) heart failure
- 150.89 Other heart failure
- 150.9 Heart failure, unspecified
- R06.00 Dyspnea, unspecified
- R06.01 Orthopnea
- R06.02 Shortness of breath
- R06.09 Other forms of dyspnea
- R06.89 Other abnormalities of breathing
- R60.9 Unspecified abnormalities of breathing

Visit QuestDiagnostics.com/MLCP to view current limited coverage tests, reference guides, and policy information.

To view the complete policy and the full list of medically supportive codes, please refer to the CMS website reference www.cms.gov ▶



Last updated: 4/12/23

This diagnosis code reference guide is provided as an aid to physicians and office staff in determining when an ABN (Advance Beneficiary Notice) is necessary. Diagnosis codes must be applicable to the patient's symptoms or conditions and must be consistent with documentation in the patient's medical record. Quest Diagnostics does not recommend any diagnosis codes and will only submit diagnosis information provided to us by the ordering physician or his/her designated staff. The CPT codes provided are based on AMA guidelines and are for informational purposes only. CPT coding is the sole responsibility of the billing party. Please direct any questions regarding coding to the payer being billed.

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